Midterm 2 Review

Format

100 Multiple Choice Questions30 True/False Questions

Out of 130

Course Evaluation

1120 MARK ASSESSMENT

- Midterm Exam 1 (Oct. 24) 15%
- Christmas Exam (Dec. 16th 9am in Fieldhouse) 30%
- Midterm Exam 1 (Feb. 13) 15%
- Final Exam (April TBA) 40%

1140 MARK ASSESSMENT (Those enrolled in Lab Component)

- Midterm Exam 1 (Oct. 24) 10%
- Christmas Exam (Dec. 16th 9am in Fieldhouse) 25%
- Midterm Exam 1 (Feb. 13) 10%
- Final Exam (April TBA) 30%
- Lab Assignments 25%

Chapters 1, 2 and 3

- Glossary of terms
- True and False statements

 Energy can be recycled as it moves through a food chain.

False (page 51)

 High biodiversity is often considered synonymous with ecosystem health.

TRUE (p. 68)

 Linear food chains are more accurate than food webs in representing how energy flows through most ecosystems.

FALSE (p. 58)

- Planning and management related to philosophies, processes, and products for resources and environmental management
 - Context / Vision / Stakeholders

- Which of the following is the most correct statement about environmental planning and management?
 - a) Humans attempt to manage the interaction between humans and the environment
 - b) Humans manage natural resources
 - c) Humans manage the environment
 - d) All of the above

- The ecosystem approach addresses the problem of _____.
 - a) not viewing local decisions as have implications elsewhere
 - b) not anticipating change
 - not viewing people and their activities as part of nature
 - d) all of the above

- Context is important when attempting to solve an environmental problem because vary over space and time.
 - a) political and legal conditions
 - b) biophysical conditions
 - c) economic and social conditions
 - d) all of the above

- Which of the following best represents an anthropocentric perspective?
 - a) Non-human species have an inherent value.
 - b) Humans are part of nature, not separate from it.
 - c) Humans have a dominant role relative to nature.
 - d) Both a and c

- Which of the following statements about adaptive management is *not* true?
 - a) Policies are experiments, and failed experiments generate knowledge.
 - b) It is usually possible to predict unexpected events using forecasting.
 - c) Management should provide allowances for unexpected events.
 - d) Surprise, uncertainty, and the unexpected are normal

- Environmental impact assessments are carried out for developments that ______.
 - a) have the potential for significant environmental impacts
 - b) have readily identifiable stakeholders that might be affected
 - c) have the potential for significant social impacts
 - d) all of the above

Impact assessments should be done

- a) after a project is complete
- b) once development has begun
- c) to determine best mitigation practices
- d) early in the project planning process

- Impact assessments for policies and programs are called ______.
 - a) precautionary assessments
 - b) strategic environmental assessments
 - c) environmental impact assessments
 - d) strategic risk assessments

- An example of a stakeholder is ______.
 - a) community groups
 - b) interested citizens
 - c) First Nations
 - d) all of the above